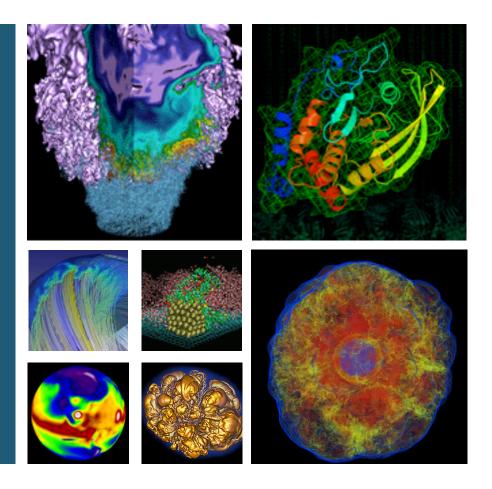
Computing Environment







New User Training March 21, 2016





Node Types



Login nodes

- Shared with other users
- Code compilation, job preparation and submission

Compute nodes

Not shared (except shared queue on Cori)

Service nodes

- File system access (lustre), data movement (HPSS), network connections to outside world, etc.
- Not accessed directly





Login Node Configuration



Edison

- Twelve nodes
 - 16 cores, 2.0 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, 512 GB

Cori

- Twelve nodes
 - 16 cores, 2.0 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, **512GB**

Genepool

- Four nodes
 - 8 cores, 2.3 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, 32 GB

PDSF

- Three nodes
 - 16 cores, 2.6 GHz Intel Sandy Bridge, 125 GB





Login Node Access



Connect (via ssh) to load balancer

```
% ssh edison.nersc.gov
% ssh cori.nersc.gov
% ssh genepool.nersc.gov
% ssh pdsf.nersc.gov
```

Load balancer selects login node based on:

- Number of connections
- Memory of previous connections from same IP





Login Node Usage



- Login nodes are shared by many users, all the time
- Edit files, compile programs, submit batch jobs
- Some post-processing/data analysis
 - IDL, MATLAB, NCL, python, etc.
- Some file transfers
 - Use data transfer nodes for large/long-running transfers (dtn[01-04].nersc.gov)
- Please use discretion
 - All users get frustrated by sluggish interactive response
 - If unsure, please write to consult@nersc.gov





Login Node Guidelines



- Use no more than 50% of available cores
- Use no more than 25% of available memory
- Limit use of parallel "make"
 - % make -j 32 all
- NERSC will kill user processes if login nodes become unacceptably slow or unresponsive
- Terminate idle sessions of licensed software
 - IDL
 - MATLAB
 - Mathematica





Shell Initialization Files



Standard dot files are maintained by NERSC

- .bashrc, .profile, .cshrc, .login, etc.
- Symbolic links to read-only files

Personal dot files

- Aliases, environment variables, modules, etc.
- Use .ext suffix (".ext files") .bashrc.ext, etc.
- Broken? Use "fixdots" to start over
 - Creates \$HOME/KeepDots.<timestamp>
 - Restores all dot files to default state
 - If PATH corrupted:
 /usr/common/usg/bin/fixdots
- Use NIM to change default login shell





NERSC Supported Software



NERSC provides a wide range of software

- Scientific Applications
 - VASP, Amber, NAMD, ABySS, ...
- Compilers
 - Intel, GCC, PGI, Cray
- Scripting Languages
 - perl, python, R including common packages for each
- Software Libraries (some maintained by Cray)
 - blas/lapack (MKL), boost, hdf5, netcdf, ...
- Development utilities
 - git, mercurial, cmake, ...
- Debuggers and Profilers
 - CrayPat, DDT, TotalView, gdb, MAP, darshan, IPM, VTune
- Visualization
 - Visit, ParaView, VMD, ...

See complete list

- \$ module avail
- http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/





Software is Managed by Modules



- Identify the software you need
 - Use the NERSC website

http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/

Load the module

```
% which idl
```

idl: Command not found.

- % module load idl
- % which idl

/usr/common/usg/idl/idl82/bin/idl





Loading Modules



Different module for each version of software

- Syntax: <name>/<version>
- Default provided if no <version> supplied
- % module avail idl

```
id1/7.1 id1/8.0 id1/8.2 (default)
```

% module load idl/7.1

Load modules in every batch script

Ensure correct run-time environment





Other Useful Module Commands



module unload <modulename>

Remove the module from your environment

module swap <module1> <module2>

 Unload one module and replace it with another module swap PrgEnv-intel PrgEnv-gnu

module list -- Very useful!

See what modules you have loaded right now

module show <modulename> -- Very useful!

See what the module actually does

module help <modulename>

Get more information about the software





Default Modules



- When you login, many default modules are loaded automatically
 - Usually foundational modules which are required to get proper function from the system
 - Build environment, required libraries and applications, batch environment
 - Use caution in unloading these
- Swapping to functionally equivalent module may be OK edison% module swap PrgEnv-intel PrgEnv-gnu





Types of Modules



Applications

- VASP, amber, blast, ...
- Usually only set PATH, LD LIBRARY PATH

Libraries

- Set LD LIBRARY PATH
- Set "helper" environment variable for building software
 - Header/include file search paths (e.g. C INCLUDE DIR)
 - Library search paths (e.g. PETSC DIR, HDF5, PYTHONPATH)
 - module show command useful here
 - % module load hdf5
 - % mpicc mycode.f \$HDF5





Module pitfalls



- Output from module <command> is piped to STDERR, and not STDOUT
- Need to re-direct output if you need to pipe to another command
 - module list 2>&1 | grep dmapp
- Need to be re-loaded for each newly spawned shell (unless specified in setup scripts)
- No inverse mapping from library name to module
- Most popular packages are pre-packaged by Cray and have "cray-" prepended to their names
 - cray-petsc instead of petsc
 - cray-netcdf instead of netcdf
 - cray-hdf5-parallel instead of hdf5-parallel





Cray Programming Environment



Compiler specific

PrgEnv-intel, PrgEnv-cray, PrgEnv-gnu (modules)

- Intel is default on Edison and Cori
- Swapping Programming Environments

module swap PrgEnv-gnu PrgEnv-intel

- swaps compiler
- no need to swap libraries!





Compiler Wrappers



On Cori / Edison:

- Defined by PrgEnv-* modules
- ftn (Fortran), cc (C), CC (C++)
- Provides include header and library search paths for MPI,
 common math libraries (e.g., cray-libsci), Cray system
 software
- Provides consistent level of optimization across compilers

Seldom need native compilers!





Resources



- http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/nersc-userenvironment/
- http://www.nersc.gov/users/software/nersc-userenvironment/modules/
- http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/edison/programming
- /http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/
 cori/programming/







Thank you.





CHOS Environment



Provides different OS environments

- Often different third-party software
 - Some software packages have specific OS requirements
 - Possibly due to validation requirements
- Used on Genepool and PDSF
- Transparent
 - Default configuration for most users
 - Alternate configurations for some users
- Details on website

http://www.nersc.gov/users/computational-systems/pdsf/software-and-tools/chos/





Login Node Monitoring



- Determine number of available cores
 - % grep processor /proc/cpuinfo | wc -l
- Determine amount of physical memory
 - % grep MemTotal /proc/meminfo
- Use "top" command to view process activity





Software is Managed by Modules



- NERSC provides many versions of many software packages
- Maintaining all these separate software installations on heterogeneous systems is a major challenge!
 - Software can't just be installed in the base operating system
 - How many copies of /usr/bin/vasp could be supported?
 - Each software package installed in its own directory /usr/common/usg/vasp/5.3.5

Modules is the user interface to software at NERSC





Carver "Programming Environment"



- Not as sophisticated as Cray PrgEnv
- Separate compiler and OpenMPI modules

Compiler module	OpenMPI module
pgi	openmpi
intel	openmpi-intel
gcc	openmpi-gcc

Must keep libraries consistent with compiler!



